

Synonym

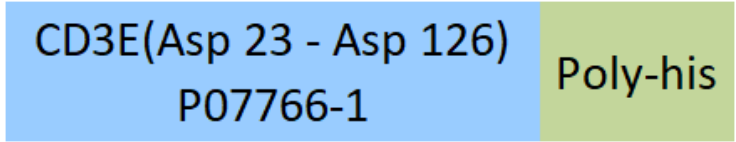
FLJ18683,T3E,TCRE,CD3E,CD3-epsilon

Source

Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag(CDE-H5223) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Asp 23 - Asp 126 (Accession # [P07766-1](#)).

Predicted N-terminus: Asp 23

Molecular Characterization



This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. The protein has a calculated MW of 16.9 kDa. Maybe caused by unknown PTMs, the protein migrates as 18-19 kDa and 21-22 kDa when calibrated against [Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker](#) under reducing (R) condition, and 35-43 kDa under non-reducing (NR) condition (SDS-PAGE).

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method / rFC method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>90% as determined by SEC-MALS.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

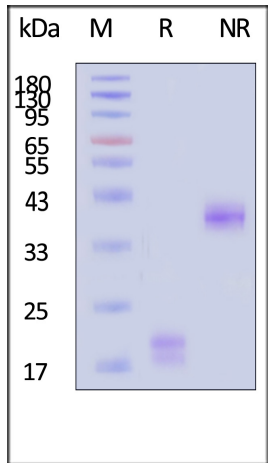
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 24 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 12 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

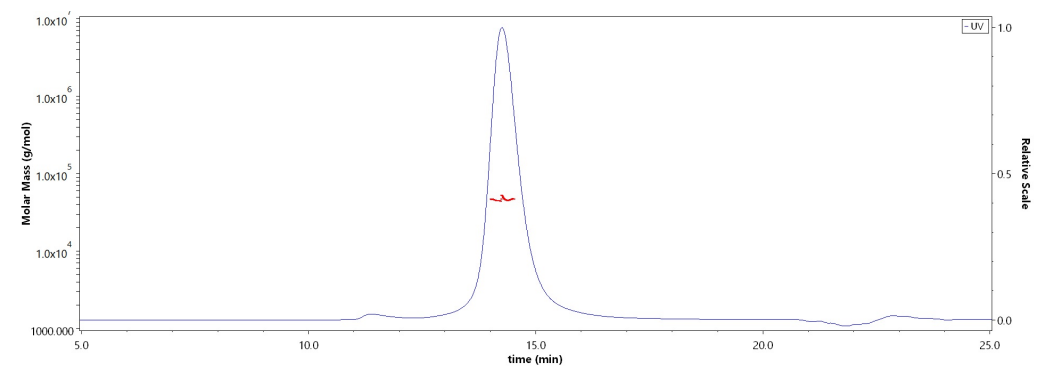
SDS-PAGE



Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) and non-reducing (NR) conditions. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90% (With [Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker](#)).

Bioactivity-ELISA

SEC-MALS

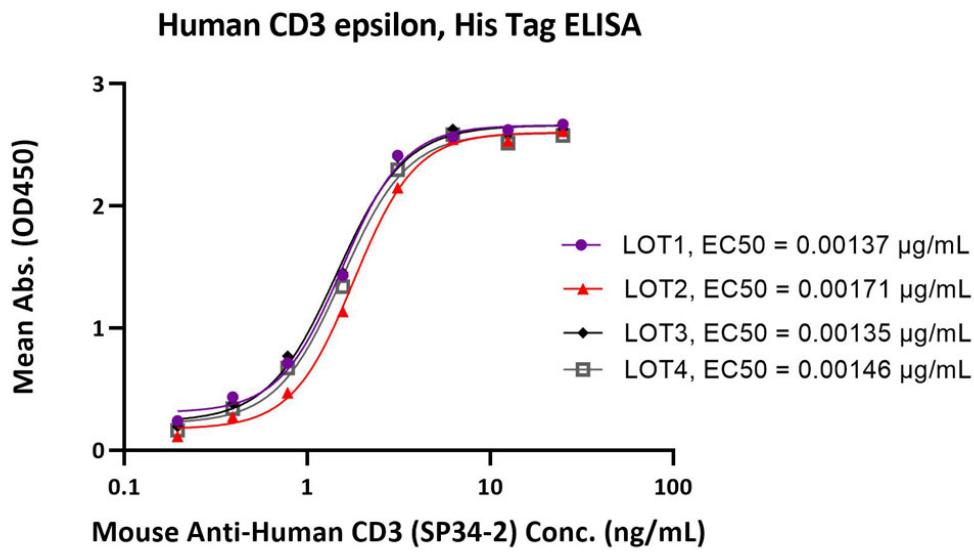


The purity of Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) is more than 90% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 35-50 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

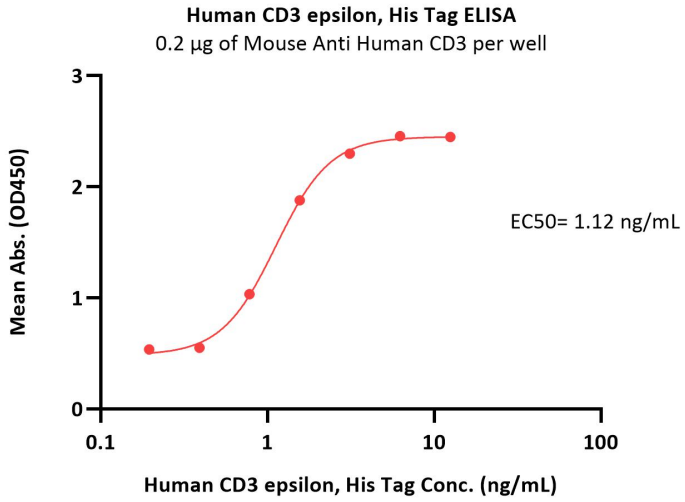
[Report](#)

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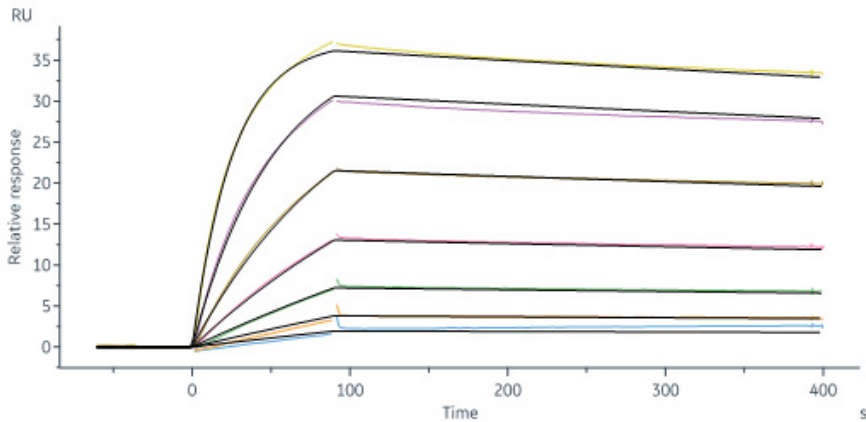


Immobilized Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) at 1 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Mouse Anti-Human CD3 (SP34-2) with a linear range of 0.2-3 ng/mL (QC tested).

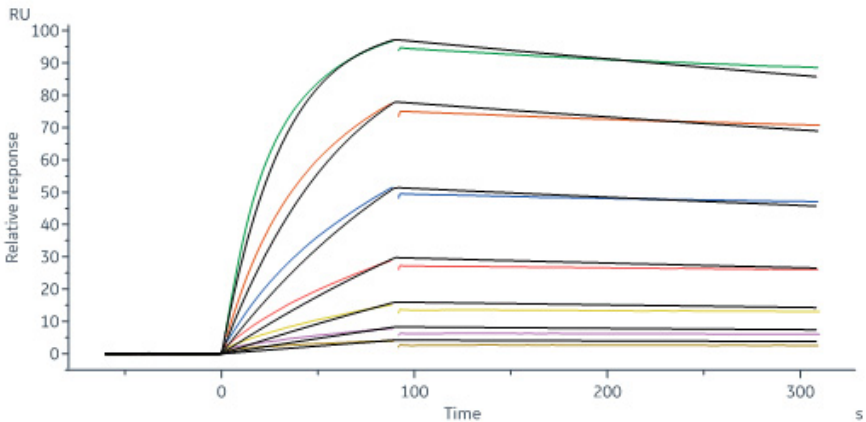


Immobilized Mouse Anti Human CD3(SP-34) at 2 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) with a linear range of 0.2-2 ng/mL (Routinely tested).

Bioactivity-SPR

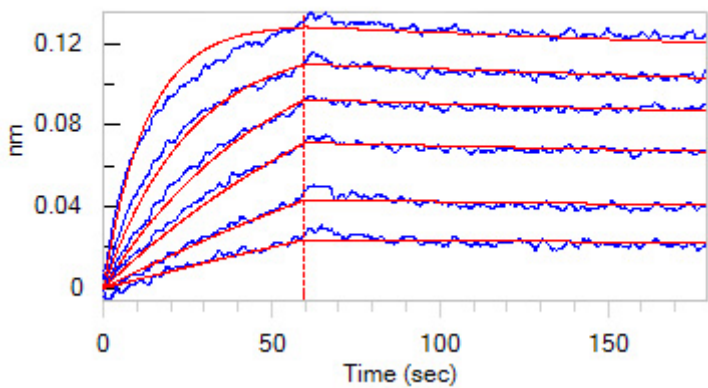


Monoclonal Anti-Human CD3 Antibody, Mouse IgG1 (SP34-2) (Cat. No. CDE-M531) captured on CM5 chip via anti-mouse antibodies surface can bind Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) with an affinity constant of 0.394 nM as determined in a SPR assay (Biacore 8K) (Routinely tested).

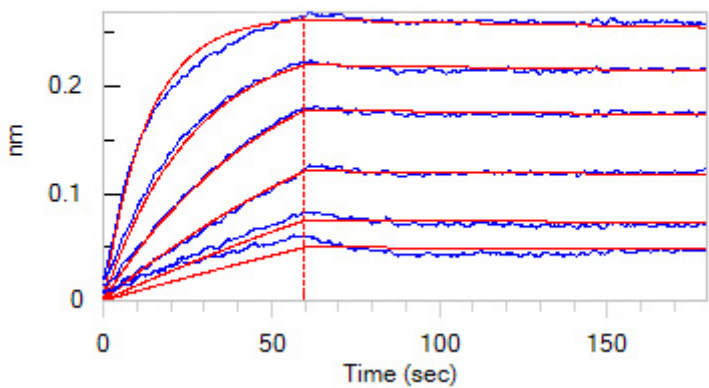


Bispecific T-cell Engager captured on Protein A Chip can bind Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) with an affinity constant of 0.843 nM as determined in a SPR assay (Biacore 8K) (Routinely tested).

Bioactivity-BLI



Loaded Anti-Human CD3 mAb, mouse IgG1 (Clone # SP34-2) on AMC Biosensor, can bind Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) with an affinity constant of 0.341 nM as determined in BLI assay (ForteBio Octet Red96e) (Routinely tested).



Loaded Bispecific T-cell Engager (CD3 X BCMA) on AHC Biosensor via DMF Filed Human BCMA, Fc Tag (Cat. No. BC7-H5254), can bind Human CD3 epsilon, His Tag (Cat. No. CDE-H5223) with an affinity constant of 0.147 nM as determined in BLI assay (ForteBio Octet Red96e) (Routinely tested).



Background

CD3e molecule, epsilon is also known as CD3E, is a T-cell surface single-pass type I membrane glycoprotein. CD3E contains 1 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domain and 1 ITAM domain. CD3E, together with CD3-gamma, CD3-delta and CD3-zeta, and the T-cell receptor alpha/beta and gamma/delta heterodimers, forms the T cell receptor-CD3 complex. This complex plays an important role in coupling antigen recognition to several intracellular signal-transduction pathways. The genes encoding the epsilon, gamma and delta polypeptides are located in the same cluster on chromosome 11. The epsilon polypeptide plays an essential role in T-cell development. CD3E plays an essential role in T-cell development, and defects in CD3E gene cause severe immunodeficiency. CD3E gene has also been linked to a susceptibility to type I diabetes in women. CD3E has been shown to interact with TOP2B, CD3EAP and NCK2.

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