

## **Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) binding Kit (TR-FRET)**

**Pack Size: 100 tests & 500 tests**

**Catalog Number: FRT-04**

**IMPORTANT: Please carefully read this manual before performing your experiment.**

**For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Or Therapeutic Procedure**

## **INTENDED USE**

This kit is designed to facilitate the ADCC and ADCP functional performance evaluation of antibody drug candidates, and also high-throughput screening of anti-human CD32a (H167) antibodies. It can also be used as a universal detection tool to identify the ability of antibody drugs to bind to human CD32a (H167).

It is intended for research use only (RUO).

## **BACKGROUND**

Fc gamma receptors (FcγRs) are membrane anchored proteins expressed in many immune effector cells and mediate antibody functions. The human FcγRs consists of several activating receptors, namely FcγRI (CD64), FcγRIIA (CD32a), FcγRIIC (CD32c), FcγRIIIA (CD16a), one inhibitory receptor FcγRIIB (CD32b), and one receptor with unclear functions FcγRIIIB (CD16b).

The FcγRII family (FcγRIIA, FcγRIIB, and FcγRIIC), are sensors of immune complexes and as such, interact poorly with uncomplexed monomeric IgG (1 μM affinity) but avidly bind immune complexes. It is general agreement that all FcγRII, indeed all FcγR, bind human IgG1 and IgG3 but there are significant differences in the interaction with IgG2 and IgG4.

FcγRIIA (CD32a) and FcγRIIC (CD32c) are found mainly in phagocytic cells (neutrophils, monocytes, and macrophages), the human FcγRIIA is a particular receptor that does not have associated FcRγ chains. FcγRIIA contains an ITAM (immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif) in its cytoplasmic portion. FcγRIIA (CD32a) delivers an activating signal upon ligand binding, and results in the initiation of inflammatory responses including cytolysis, phagocytosis, degranulation, cytokine production and antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC). The responses can be modulated by signals from the co expressed inhibitory receptors such as FcγRIIB (CD32b), and the strength of the signal is dependent on the ratio of expression of the activating and inhibitory receptors.

Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) binding kit (TR-FRET) takes advantage of binding of Europium-chelate labeled human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) (donor) and FA labeled Human IgG1 antibody (acceptor) in a homogeneous (no wash) TR-FRET (Time-Resolved Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer) competition assay to measure the interaction between human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) and antibody drug candidates. It is designed to facilitate the ADCC functional performance evaluation of antibody drug candidates, and also high-throughput screening of anti-human CD32a

antibodies within 0.5-1 hours. It is highly sensitive, has a short detection time and easy to use.

## **PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY**

Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) binding kit (TR-FRET) is based on TR-FRET technology (Time-Resolved Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer). Use the mixture of biotinylated human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) and Europium-chelate labeled streptavidin as the donor, FA labeled Human IgG1 antibody as the acceptor.

Your experiment will include 3 simple steps:

1) Mix the sample or Human IgG standard in the kit with Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) Protein Europium-chelate (Donor) and incubate at room temperature for 0.5 hours.

2) Add FA labeled human IgG antibody (Acceptor) and incubate at room temperature for at least 0.5 hours.

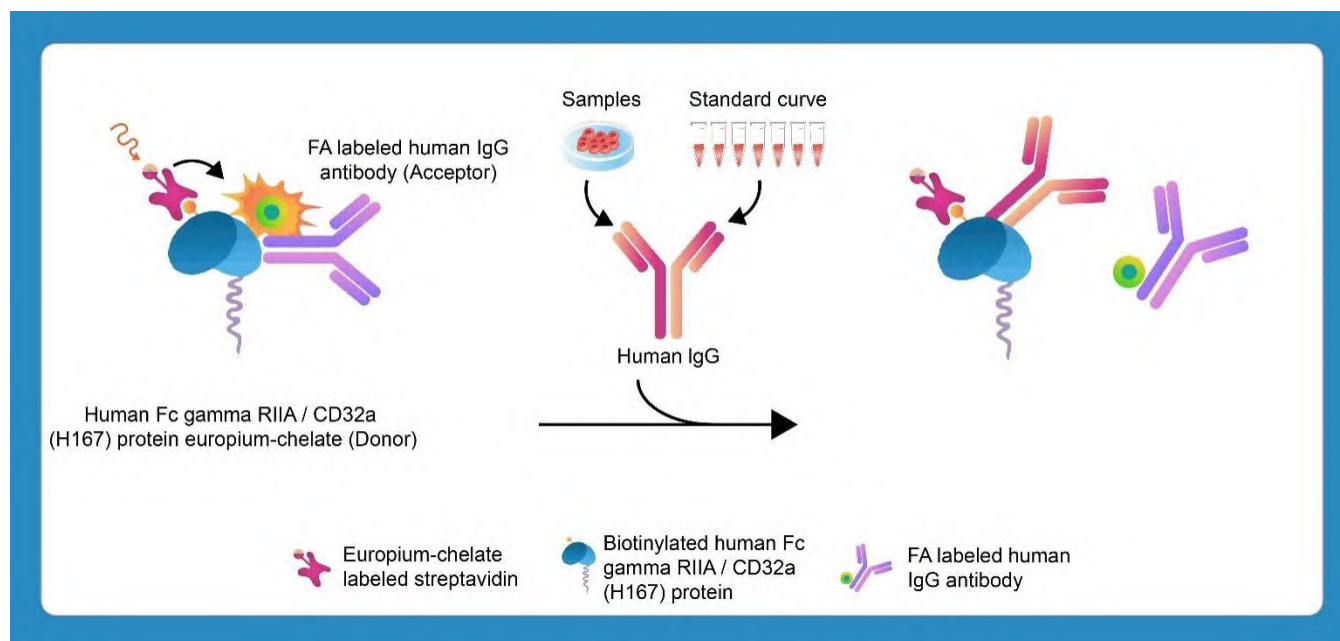
3) Use the TR-FRET module of a microplate reader to read the fluorescence signal at 665nm and 620nm. Calculate the

Ratio based on the formula  $\text{Ratio} = \frac{\text{Signal 665 nm}}{\text{Signal 620 nm}} \times 10^4$ . The Ratio value is negatively correlated with the antibody content in the sample.

- When the sample does not contain human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) binding components, the donor and acceptor are in close proximity because of the binding of human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) and FA labeled Human IgG1 antibody. The 620nm signal emitted by the donor under specific light source excitation is received by the acceptor, emitting a 665nm signal.

- When the sample contains human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) binding components, the components inhibit the binding between the donor and acceptor and thereby prevents FRET from occurring.

**FIG.1 PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY**



## **MATERIALS PROVIDED**

**TABLE 1. MATERIALS PROVIDED**

Catalog	Components	Size (100 tests)	Size (500 tests)	Format	Storage	
					Unopened	Opened
FRT04-C01	Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) Protein Europium-chelate	100 tests	500 tests	Powder	2-8°C, avoid light	-70°C, avoid light
FRT04-C02	FA Labeled Human IgG Antibody	100 tests	500 tests	Powder	2-8°C, avoid light	-70°C, avoid light
FRT04-C03	Human IgG Standard	400 µg	2 mg	Powder	2-8°C	-70°C
FRT04-C04	Sample Dilution Buffer	10 mL	10 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C
FRT04-C05	Detection Buffer	10 mL	10 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C

## **MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED**

1. Single channel or multichannel pipettes with 10 µL, 200 µL and 1000 µL precision;
2. 10 µL, 200 µL and 1000 µL pipette tips;
3. Microporous plate shaker;
4. Microplate reader with TR-FRET module which can detect signals at 665nm/620nm;

5. Test Tubes;
6. Timer;
7. White plate (96 or 384-well low volume white plate);
8. Deionized or distilled water for reconstitute.

### **STORAGE AND VALIDITY INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Unopened kit should be stored at 2°C-8°C upon receiving.
2. Find the expiration date on the outside packaging and do not use reagents past their expiration date.
3. The opened kit should be stored per components table. The shelf life is 30 days from the date of opening.

### **REAGENT PREPARATION**

1. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (20°C-25°C) before use.
2. Reconstitute the provided lyophilized materials to stock solutions with water as recommended in Table 2 and solubilize for 15 to 30 minutes at room temperature with occasional gentle mixing. Avoid vigorous shaking or vortexing. The reconstituted stock solutions should be stored at -70°C. It is recommended not to freeze-thaw more than 2 times.

*Note: Human RIIA / CD32a (H167) Protein Europium-chelate and FA labeled human IgG antibody stock solution should be protected from light.*

**TABLE 2. RECONSTITUTION METHODS FOR 100 TESTS AND 500TESTS**

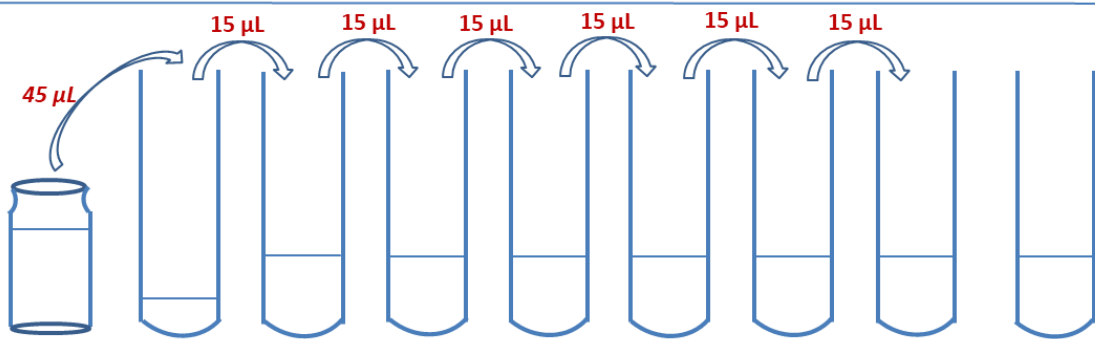
Catalog	Components	Size (100 tests)		Size (500 tests)		Stock Solution Conc.
		Amount	Reconstitution Buffer and Vol.	Amount	Reconstitution Buffer and Vol.	
FRT04-C01	Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) Protein Europium-chelate	100 tests	60 µL water	500 tests	300 µL water	/
FRT04-C02	FA Labeled Human IgG Antibody	100 tests	60 µL water	500 tests	300 µL water	/
FRT04-C03	Human IgG Standard	400 µg	200 µL water	2 mg	1000 µL water	2000 µg/mL

## **RECOMMENDED PROTOCOL**

### **1. Add Samples**

- 1.1 Make series dilution of the samples as appropriate.
- 1.2 If you intend to use the provided Human IgG standard (FRT04-C03) as a reference (Std.), you may dilute the antibody as recommend in FIG. 2. Dilute the sample to be tested appropriately using the Sample Dilution Buffer.
- 1.3 Add 10  $\mu$ L of sample and standard solution to each well according to our recommendation (FIG. 3) or your own plate setup.

**FIG.2 PREPARATION OF 1:4 SERIAL DILUTIONS OF THE HUMAN IGG STANDARD**

Tubes/ Solution Code	Human IgG Stock Solution	Std 7	Std 6	Std 5	Std 4	Std 3	Std 2	Std 1	Std 0 (Blank)
Operating		15 $\mu$ L	15 $\mu$ L	15 $\mu$ L	15 $\mu$ L	15 $\mu$ L	15 $\mu$ L	15 $\mu$ L	
Solution Conc.	2000 $\mu$ g/mL	1500 $\mu$ g/mL	375 $\mu$ g/mL	93.75 $\mu$ g/mL	23.44 $\mu$ g/mL	5.86 $\mu$ g/mL	1.46 $\mu$ g/mL	0.37 $\mu$ g/mL	0 $\mu$ g/mL
Dilution Buffer Vol.		15 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L	45 $\mu$ L

### **2. Add Donor**

Dilute **Human Fc gamma RIIA / CD32a (H167) Protein Europium-chelate** stock solution 10 times with **Detection Buffer** to make Donor working solution. The working solution should be prepared immediately before use and should not be stored. Add 5  $\mu$ L of Donor working solution to each well. Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature (20°C-25°C) for 0.5 hours on orbital shaker at 400-600 rpm to ensure the samples and donor can react adequately.

### **3. Add Acceptor**

Dilute **FA labeled human IgG antibody** stock solution 10 times with **Detection Buffer** to make Acceptor working

solution. The working solution should be prepared immediately before use and should not be stored. Add 5  $\mu$ L of Acceptor working solution to each well. Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at room temperature (20°C-25°C) for 0.5 hours on orbital shaker at 400-600 rpm.

Refer to FIG. 3 and Table 3 for the design of microplate layout according to the experimental requirements, and add the corresponding reaction solution into the corresponding plate wells.

**TABLE 3. SAMPLES ADDING TO MICROPLATE**

	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>A</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std7 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std7 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample1 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample1 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution
<b>B</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std6 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std6 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample2 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample2 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution
<b>C</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std5 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std5 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample3 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample3 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution
<b>D</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std4 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std4 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample Dilution Buffer 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Detection Buffer	10 $\mu$ L Sample Dilution Buffer 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Detection Buffer
<b>E</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std3 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std3 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	...	...
<b>F</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std2 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std2 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	...	...
<b>G</b>	10 $\mu$ L Std1 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Std1 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	...	...
<b>H</b>	10 $\mu$ L Sample Dilution Buffer 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	10 $\mu$ L Sample Dilution Buffer 5 $\mu$ L Donor working solution 5 $\mu$ L Acceptor working solution	...	...

**FIG.3 PLATE LAYOUT**

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	Std 7	Std 7	Sample1	Sample1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B	Std 6	Std 6	Sample2	Sample2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
C	Std 5	Std 5	Sample3	Sample3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
D	Std 4	Std 4	Negative control	Negative control	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
E	Std 3	Std 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
F	Std 2	Std 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
G	Std 1	Std 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
H	Blank	Blank	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

#### 4. Data Recording

Use the TR-FRET module of a microplate reader to read the fluorescence signal at 665 nm and 620 nm.

#### 5. Calculate Ratio

Calculate the Ratio based on the formula  $\text{Ratio} = \frac{\text{Signal 665 nm}}{\text{Signal 620 nm}} \times 10^4$ .

#### PRECAUTIONS

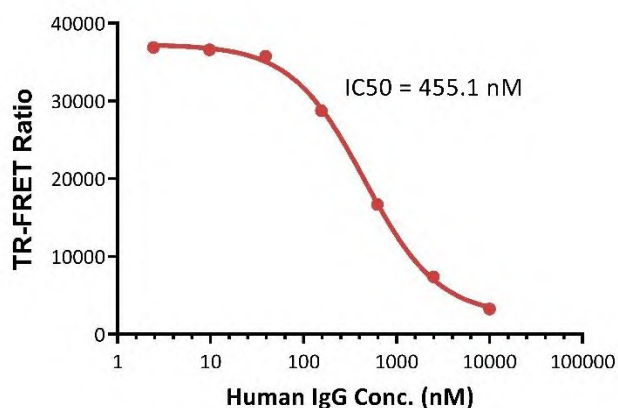
1. This kit is for research use only and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic applications.
2. This kit should be used according to the provided instructions.
3. Do not mix reagents from different lots.
4. Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (20°C-25°C) before use. If crystals have formed in the buffer
5. solution, incubate until the crystals have completely dissolved. Before use, bring the solution back to room temperature.
6. This kit should be stored at 2°C -8°C.
7. Please prepare the working solution of each component according to the needs of the experiment. All prepared



working solution is for one-time use and cannot be stored.

## **TYPICAL DATA**

For each experiment, a standard curve needs to be set for each micro-plate, and the specific Ratio value may vary depending on different laboratories, testers, or equipment. Different microplate reader and different gain value may give different fluorescence signal. Please adjust parameters according to the equipment manual. Reduce the gain value when the signal is too high. The following data is from the BMG Labtech CLARIOstar Plus. This following data is for reference only.

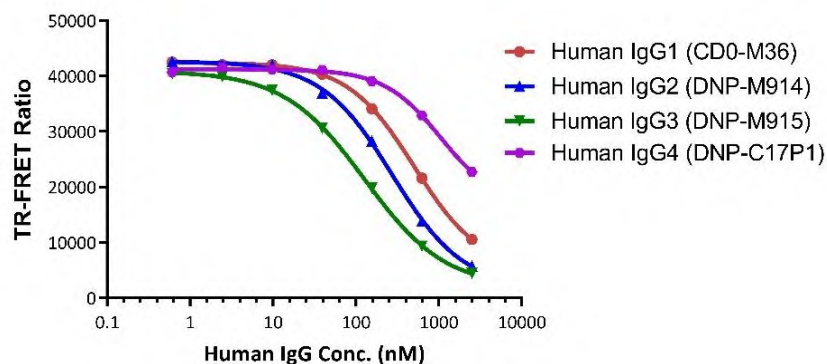


Human IgG standard Conc.	Human IgG standard Conc.	Signal 665 nm	Signal 620 nm	Ratio
1500 µg/mL	10000 nM	25552	78507.5	3254.721
375 µg/mL	2500 nM	53955	73073.5	7383.662
93.75 µg/mL	625 nM	109815.5	65934.5	16655.24
23.44 µg/mL	156.25 nM	166245	57833	28745.7
5.86 µg/mL	39.06 nM	188507	52711	35762.36
1.46 µg/mL	9.77 nM	200306	54789.5	36559.19
0.37 µg/mL	2.44 nM	208942.5	56842	36758.47
0 µg/mL	0 nM	196630	53161	36987.64

## **DIFFERENT ANTIBODY SUBTYPES DATA**

The kit has been used to detect different subclasses of Human IgG (Human IgG1, Human IgG2, Human IgG3 and Human IgG4), which exhibit different IC50 results as expected.

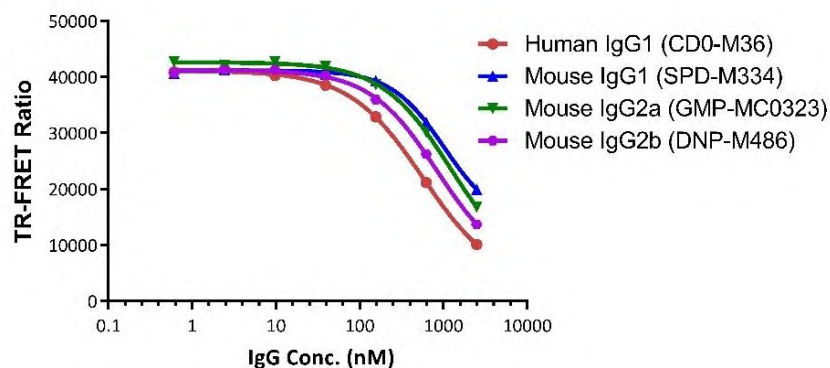
As shown in the following figure, human CD32a (H167) binds to human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3 and IgG4 with low affinity.



Antibody	IC50 (nM)
Human IgG1 (CD0-M36)	505.9
Human IgG2 (DNP-M914)	274.6
Human IgG3 (DNP-M915)	127.6
Human IgG4 (DNP-C17P1)	1068

## **SPECIES SELECTIVITY**

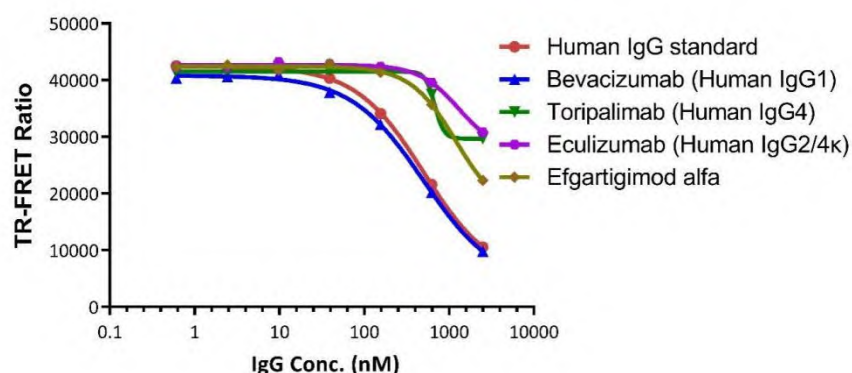
The kit has been used to detect different subclasses of mouse IgG, which exhibit different IC<sub>50</sub> results as expected. As shown in the following figure, human CD32a (H167) binds to mouse IgG1, mouse IgG2a, and mouse IgG2b with low affinity as observed.



Antibody	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)
Human IgG1 (CD0-M36)	505.9
Mouse IgG1 (SPD-M334)	1024
Mouse IgG2a (GMP-MC0323)	1216
Mouse IgG2b (DNP-M486)	839.6

## **APPLICATION OF FDA APPROVED ANTIBODY DRUGS DETECTION**

The kit has been used to detect four FDA approved antibody drugs with different affinities binding to human CD32a (H167). Bevacizumab, Toripalimab, Eculizumab and Efgartigimod alfa bind to human CD32a (H167) with the low affinity around 1  $\mu$ M.



Antibody	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)
Human IgG Standard	505.9
Bevacizumab (Human IgG1)	499.5
Toripalimab (Human IgG4)	NA
Eculizumab (Human IgG2/4 $\kappa$ )	1301
Efgartigimod alfa	1205

## **MATRIX EFFECT**

Verify potential matrix effects by adding different levels of DME, RPMI1640, FBS and HSA to the Sample Diluted buffer.

