

Mycoplasma DNA Sample Preparation Kit (Magnetic Beads)

Catalog Number: OPA-E101

Assay Tests: 50 Preps

For Research Use Only. Not For Use in Diagnostic or Therapeutic Procedures. IMPORTANT: Please carefully read this user guide before performing your experiment.

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OPA-E101-EN03

Product Information

The Mycoplasma DNA Sample Preparation Kit (Magnetic Beads) is designed for extraction of Mycoplasma DNA from biopharmaceutical products.

Before detecting the mycoplasma DNA, use the Mycoplasma DNA Sample Preparation Kit to extract nucleic acids from test samples. For detection information, please refer to the user guide of Mycoplasma Rapid Detection Kit (OPA-S102) (<u>ACROBiosystems.com</u>).

This kit isolates mycoplasma DNA from biopharmaceutical samples using magnetic beads. The process typically involves lysing the sample to release the DNA, then using magnetic beads coated with a DNA-binding agent to selectively bind the DNA. The beads are then separated from the mixture using a magnetic stand, and the DNA can be washed and eluted off the beads for further analysis or use. This kit applies to extract trace mycoplasma DNA from complex matrix samples including cell bank, virus seed bank, cell and gene therapy products, raw materials, ancillary materials and other biopharmaceutical products. This kit helps to get high purity and stable quality mycoplasma DNA, which can be used for mycoplasma qPCR detection. This Mycoplasma DNA Sample Preparation Kit is suitable for use in combination with Mycoplasma Rapid Detection Kit(qPCR) (OPA-S102) for qualitative detection of mycoplasma contamination in biopharmaceutical products.

This instruction included the process of manual DNA extraction and automated DNA extraction. About automatic DNA extraction, we provide a program for KingFisher[™] Flex.

Contents and Storage

Contents	Amount	Storage
Buffer AL	35 mL	
Proteinase K	4 mL	10°C to 30°C
MagBeads Suspension (MB)	1.4 mL	Note:
CR Powder	310 µg	The Proteinase K and MagBeads Suspension
Buffer WA	38 mL	can be stored in ambient temperature (10 to 30°C). For optimal long-term stability,
Buffer WB	18 mL	these two components are recommended
Buffer MEB	4 mL	to be stored at 2°C to 8°C.
Sample Dilution Buffer	5 mL	

The kit can be used for 50 preps of mycoplasma DNA extraction from test samples.

The unopened reagents can be stored stably for 12 months from the date of manufacture when kept at a storage temperature between 10° C and 30° C.

In an environment with a low temperature ($< 20^{\circ}$ C), precipitates may form in Buffer AL and Buffer WA. Place the reagent bottles in a water bath at 37°C-50°C for about 10 minutes until the precipitates are completely dissolved before use.

PART A: Manual DNA extraction

Required materials not supplied

	Magnetic stand
	Block heater
Equipment	Mini centrifuge
	Vortex
	Pipettors: P1000, P200, P100, P10
	Ethanol, 99.7%
Reagents	DNase/RNase-free ddH2O
	Disposable gloves
Consumables	Nuclease-free, DNA-free aerosol-resistant pipet tips
	Low DNA-Binding Microcentrifuge Tubes (Nuclease-free, DNA-free)

US and Canada: Asia and Pacific:

Workflow for manual DNA extraction



Prepare the reagents and samples for manual DNA extraction

1. Prepare the reagents: before first use of the kit.

1.1 Incubate the MagBeads Suspension at room temperature for 30 minutes in advance.Before being used, the magnetic beads have to be vigorous vortexed and mixed.

NOTE: The MagBeads Suspension should be mixed for at least 1 minute until they are evenly dispersed.

Invert the tube several times and observe to confirm the state of the magnetic beads: There should be no magnetic beads adhering to the bottom of the tube, and the magnetic bead suspension should be in a uniformly dispersed state with a consistent color and no dark-colored aggregated lumps.

- 1.2 Refer to the bottle label, add 40 mL of 99.7% ethanol to the bottle of Buffer WA, then mix completely.
- 1.3 Refer to the bottle label, add 80 mL of 99.7% ethanol to bottle of Buffer WB, then mix completely.
- 1.4 Label the bottle to indicate that it contains ethanol, then store the bottle at room temperature.
- Preparation of CR Solution: Briefly centrifuge the CR Powder tube, then add 310 μL
 DNase/RNase-free ddH₂O to the tube, and vortex thoroughly.

NOTE: The CR Solution should be stored at -20°C, and aliquot the CR solution into small volumes to avoid more than three freeze-thaw cycles.

2. Prepare the samples.

The volume for each extraction is 207 μ L, which includes 200 μ L of sample and **7 \muL Internal Control DNA** (IC, provided in kit OPA-S102). To ensure the accuracy results of mycoplasma detection, different types of samples are recommended to be pre-treated according to different instructions as followings:

2.1 Small-volume samples: When the volume of the sample to be tested is less than 200 μ L (cell concentration $\leq 10^6$ cells/mL), the sample can be made up to 200 μ L with Sample Dilution Buffer or 0.9% sterile NaCl solution (provided by the customer). Take 200 μ L of the sample or make up the volume to 200 μ L for extraction.

2.2 Cell suspension:

- 2.2.1 When the cell concentration is no more than 10^6 cells/mL, mix the sample thoroughly and take 200 μ L of the sample for extraction.
- 2.2.2 When the cell concentration is greater than 10^6 cells/mL, centrifuge the cell suspension at $100 \times g$ for 5 minutes, transfer the supernatant to a new microfuge tube without disturbing the pellet. When the volume of the supernatant is greater than 200 µL, centrifuge it at $20000 \times g$ for 10 minutes to enrich the mycoplasma. Remove the supernatant immediately after centrifugation until the remaining volume is approximately 200 µL, and mix the remaining sample thoroughly for extraction.
- 2.3 **Cell supernatant or used cell culture medium:** When the volume of the cell supernatant or used cell culture medium is greater than 200 μ L, centrifuge it at 20000 $\times g$ for 10 minutes to enrich the mycoplasma. Remove the supernatant immediately after centrifugation until the remaining volume is approximately 200 μ L, and mix the remaining sample thoroughly for extraction.
- 2.4 Non-cellular sample: When the sample is in powder form, please dissolve the sample with the Sample Dilution Buffer and dilute it to 1 mg/mL~100 mg/mL, then take 200 μL of the sample for extraction.
- 2.5 Preparation of Negative Extraction Control (NEC): Label a low DNA-binding 2.0 mL microfuge tube as "NEC", and add 200 µL of fresh matrix solution (the same buffer as that of the samples to be tested) or sample dilution buffer provided in this kit.
- 2.6 **Preparation of Positive Extraction Control (PEC):** Label a low DNA-binding 2.0 mL microfuge tube as "PEC", add **70 μL** of Positive Control DNA (PC, provided in the kit

OPA-S102), and then add **130** μ L of fresh matrix solution (the same buffer as that of the samples to be tested) or the Sample Dilution Buffer provided in this kit.

Protocol for manual DNA extraction

1. Digest the test samples and controls.

- 1.1 Label low DNA-binding 1.5/2.0 mL microfuge tubes as "Sample", "NEC" and "PEC".
- 1.2 Add 207 μ L (including the volume of sample and IC) of samples and controls to each tube.
- 1.3 Add **70 μL of Proteinase K** to each tube, vortex for 30 seconds and briefly centrifuge.
- 1.4 Incubate the tubes at 60°C for 8 minutes on a block heater, with vortexing at 1000 rpm. If available, set heater lid to 70°C.
- 1.5 Briefly centrifuge, and cool the samples to room temperature.

NOTE: Briefly centrifuge: It is recommended to centrifuge at 3000-6000rpm for 5-10 seconds. It is applicable to all of briefly centrifuge mentioned in this instruction manual.

2. Bind the DNA

- Add 600 μL of Buffer AL to each tube, then close the cap and invert five times to mix, vortex for 1 minute and briefly centrifuge.
- 2.2 Add **25 μL of MagBeads Suspension** and **3 μL of CR Solution** to each tube, then close the cap and invert five times to mix.
 - **NOTE**: (1) To ensure the accuracy of the magnetic beads volume added, please vortex the MagBeads Suspension for at least 1 minute before used.
 - (2) After adding 3-4 samples, please vortex the suspension again for about30 seconds before continuing to add samples.
 - (3) To ensure uniformity, it is recommended that when aspirating the magnetic beads each time, you can gently pipette up and down twice with

a pipette before aspiration.

- 2.3 Vortex all the tubes for 1 minute.
- 2.4 Let the tubes stand for 10 minutes, and then vortex for 20 seconds in every 3 minutes.
- 2.5 Briefly centrifuge and place the tubes in the magnetic stand with the pellet against the magnet, then let the tubes stand for 3 minutes or until the solution is clear.
- 2.6 Without disturbing the magnetic beads, remove the supernatant using a pipette or by aspiration.

3. Wash the DNA

- 3.1 Add **800 µL Buffer WA** to each tube, then vortex for 10 seconds.
- 3.2 Briefly centrifuge the tubes, then place the tubes in the magnetic stand, let the tubes stand for 2 minutes or until the solution is clear.
- 3.3 Without disturbing the magnetic beads, remove the supernatant using a pipette or by aspiration.
- 3.4 Add **800 µL Buffer WB** to each tube, then vortex for 10 seconds.
- 3.5 Briefly centrifuge the tubes, then place the tubes in the magnetic stand, let the tubes stand for 1 minute or until the solution is clear.
- 3.6 Without disturbing the magnetic beads, remove the supernatant using a pipette or by aspiration.
- 3.7 Repeat the steps 3.4-3.6.
- 3.8 Briefly centrifuge the tubes, then place the tubes in the magnetic stand, let the tubes stand for 30 seconds or until the solution is clear.
- 3.9 Use a P10 to remove the remaining solution from the bottom of the tube.
- 3.10 With the tube lid open, air-dry the Magnetic beads in the magnetic stand for no more than 2-3 minutes at room temperature.

NOTE: (1) Residual ethanol will interfere with the subsequent PCR reaction, please ensure that the ethanol is completely volatilized. Do not over-dry the

magnetic beads, or the bonded DNA are not easily eluted.

(2) Observe the magnetic beads under bright light, add the Buffer MEB immediately when the surface of the magnetic beads appears dull.

(3) If the surface of the magnetic beads is yellowish-brown, it indicates excessive drying, which will affect the recovery rate of nucleic acid.

4. Elute the DNA

- 4.1 Add **70 μL of Buffer MEB** to each tube, then resuspend the beads by vortexing for 15-20 seconds or pipetting up and down until suspension is fully homogenized.
- 4.2 Incubate the tubes at 80°C for 10 minutes on a block heater, with vortexing at 1000 rpm.
- 4.3 Briefly centrifuge the tubes for 15 seconds, then place the tubes in the magnetic stand,let the tubes stand for 1-3 minutes or until the solution is clear.
- 4.4 Use a P100 to transfer the liquid phase to a new 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube.

NOTE: Do not disturb the magnetic beads.

5. DNA Sample Storage

5.1 The purified, high-quality eluted DNA is ready to use in demanding downstream applications. It is recommended to finish qPCR testing within 24 hours, and the DNA can be temporarily stored at 2°C to 8°C. For long-term storage, it should be placed at −20°C, and you should complete the DNA testing within 7 days.

PART B: Automated DNA extraction: Apply to KingFisher[™] Flex

	Mini centrifuge
Equipment	Vortex
	Automated extraction instrument (KingFisher [™] Flex)
	Pipettors: P1000, P200, P100, P10
Reagents	Ethanol, 99.7%
	DNase/RNase-free ddH2O
	Disposable gloves
Consumables	Nuclease-free, DNA-free aerosol-resistant pipet tips
	Low DNA-Binding Microcentrifuge Tubes (Nuclease-free, DNA-free), 96 Deep-well
	plate, 96-Strip Tip Comb

Required materials not supplied for KingFisher[™] Flex

Workflow for automated DNA extraction by KingFisher[™] Flex

Prepare reagents and samples



Add the reagents and samples to the plate

Digest the test samples and controls on the instrument



Prepare the Binding Buffer and MagBeads Suspension into the plate

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Process samples on the instrument

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Asia and Pacific:

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Web: http://www.acrobiosystems.com

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E-mail: order@acrobiosystems.com

Prepare the reagents and samples for automated DNA extraction by KingFisher[™] Flex

1. Prepare the reagents: before first use of the kit.

1.1 Please refer to manual DNA extraction, point 1 on page 5.

2. Prepare the samples.

2.1 Please refer to manual DNA extraction, point 2 on page 5.

Protocol for automated DNA extraction by KingFisher[™] Flex

The following steps apply for KingFisher[™] Flex (96-well plate).

1. Reagents dispensing

- 1.1 Prepare 6 KingFisher[™] Flex 96 deep-well plates, label the plates as: 96 tip comb plate,
 Lysis plate, Wash1 plate, Wash2 plate, Wash3 plate and Elute plate.
- 1.2 Put a KingFisher[™] Flex 96-strip tip comb into the 96 tip comb plate.
- Add 207 μL (including the volume of sample and IC) of samples or controls to the wells of Lysis plate, then add 70 μL of Proteinase K to each well.

NOTE: The Internal Control (IC) is provided in the Mycoplasma Rapid Detection Kit (qPCR) (Cat. No.: OPA-S102).

- 1.4 Add **800 μL of Buffer WA** to each well in **Wash1 plate**.
- 1.5 Add **800 μL of Buffer WB** to each well in **Wash2 plate**.
- 1.6 Add **800 μL of Buffer WB** to each well in **Wash3 plate**.
- 1.7 Add **100** μL of Buffer MEB to each well in Elute plate.

2. Automated Extraction Process

- 2.1 Clean the work space with 75% ethanol before use.
- 2.2 Open the software Thermo Scientific Bindlt, and open the procedure Acro-OPA-E101.bdz. Click "Start".

2.3 Put the plate in the specified sequence.

NOTE: Please check all the plates are placed correctly and the 96-strip tip comb are inserted before running.

- 2.4 Run the procedure.
- 2.5 Prepare the binding buffer according to the number of samples being extracted. Prepare a 50 mL tube for binding buffer using reagents and volumes shown in the table below.

IMPORTANT! To compensate for pipetting losses, it is recommended that the **N** is equals to the number of extracted samples plus 1 or 2.

Kit Reagents	Volume for 1 sample	Volume for Binding Buffer
Buffer AL	600 μL	600 μL× N
CR Solution	3 μL	3 μL× N
Total	603 μL	603 μL× N

2.6 After the sample digestion is finished, the procedure will be paused automatically. Take out the Lysis plate, and add 603 μL of binding buffer, 25 μL of MagBeads Suspension to each well.

NOTE: Mix the binding buffer and MagBeads Suspension fully (at least 1 minute) before dispensing. Resuspend the MagBeads suspension by dispensing every 5~8 wells.

- 2.7 Put the Lysis plate back and click "Start" and run the procedure.
- 2.8 After the procedure is finished, take out the Elute plate and transfer the eluted DNA to new 1.5 mL low DNA-binding microcentrifuge tubes or PCR tubes immediately. The purified, high-quality eluted DNA is ready to use in demanding downstream applications.

- **NOTE:** It is recommended to finish qPCR testing within 24 hours, and the DNA can be temporarily stored at 2°C to 8°C. For long-term storage, it should be placed at -20°C, and you should complete the DNA testing within 7 days. A multi-channel pipette helps to transfer liquid quickly.
- 2.9 Take out all the plates and clean the work space with 75% ethanol.

NOTE: The interval between extraction experiments is recommended above 30 minutes to avoid cross contamination.

Appendixes

Appendix A: FAQs

Common Questions	Possible reasons & Actions
	Precipitates appearing in Buffer AL may be caused by
	low temperature.
	Please dissolve the precipitates according to the
	instruction of part "Contents and Storage" on page 2.
Do precipitates appearing in Buffer	It has no effect on the extraction efficiency after the
AL affect extraction efficiency?	precipitates are completely dissolved.
	The laboratory temperature should be kept at 20°C to
	30°C day and night, and the temperature should not
	be lower than 20°C to avoid precipitates appearing in
	Buffer AL.
	It is recommended to finish qPCR testing on the same
How long can the eluted DNA be	day as extraction or within 24 hours. The DNA can be
stored without affecting the testing	temporarily stored at 2°C to 8°C.
results?	For long-term storage, it should be placed at -20° C,
	and you should complete the DNA testing within 7
	days. Also, it should be frozen and thawed only once.
	The kit has been verified and can be stored at room
Does the kit stored at room	temperature (10-30°C) for one year. For optimal long-
temperature affect the extraction	term stability, the MagBeads Suspension and
efficiency?	Proteinase K are recommended to be stored at 2°C to
	8°C.
What could be done if the extraction	For samples with high protein concentration, you can
efficiency of high-protein samples is	try to extend the digestion time of the samples with
poor?	Proteinase K from 8 minutes to 30 minutes.

US and Canada:

Asia and Pacific:

	It is not recommended for extraction directly.	
	An excessive amount of cellular genomic DNA and/or	
Can samples with high cell	RNA may be extracted during extraction owing to high	
concentration (10 ⁷ cells/mL) be	concentration cells, which will lead to the inhibition of	
extracted directly for Mycoplasma	qPCR and affect the detection of low-content targets.	
detection?	Please pre-treat the samples according to the	
	instruction of part "Prepare the samples: 2.2 Cell	
	suspension" on page 6.	

Appendix B: Consumables recommendation

Consumables	Catalog Number	Manufacturer	
2.0 mL Low DNA-Binding	72 695 700	SARSTENT	
Microcentrifuge Tubes	12.093.100	SARSTEDT	
1.5 mL Low DNA-Binding	72 706 700	SARSTENT	
Microcentrifuge Tubes	12.100.100	SI INSTEDT	